Guide to SATA Hard Disks Installation and RAID Configuration

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1. Guide to SATA Hard Disks Installation

1.1 Serial ATA (SATA) Hard Disks Installation

Intel chipset supports Serial ATA (SATA) hard disks with RAID functions, including RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID 10 and Intel Rapid Storage. Please read the RAID configurations in this guide carefully according to the Intel southbridge chipset that your motherboard adopts. You may install SATA hard disks on this motherboard for internal storage devices. This section will guide you how to create RAID on SATA ports.

2. Guide to RAID Configurations

2.1 Introduction of RAID

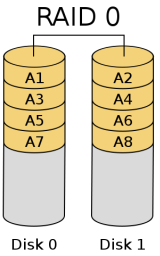
This motherboard adopts Intel southbridge chipset that integrates RAID controller supporting RAID 0 / RAID 1/ Intel Rapid Storage / RAID 10 / RAID 5 function with four independent Serial ATA (SATA) channels. This section will introduce the basic knowledge of RAID, and the guide to configure RAID 0 / RAID 1/ Intel Rapid Storage / RAID 10 / RAID 5 settings.

RAID

The term “RAID” stands for “Redundant Array of Independent Disks”, which is a method combining two or more hard disk drives into one logical unit. For optimal performance, please install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a RAID set.

RAID 0 (Data Striping)

RAID 0 is called data striping that optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. It will improve data access and storage since it will double the data transfer rate of a single disk alone while the two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate.

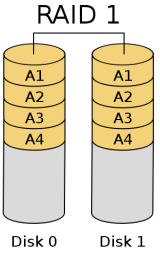


WARNING!!

Although RAID 0 function can improve the access performance, it does not provide any fault tolerance. Hot-Plug any HDDs of the RAID 0 Disk will cause data damage or data loss.

RAID 1 (Data Mirroring)

RAID 1 is called data mirroring that copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. It provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system since the disk array management software will direct all applications to the surviving drive as it

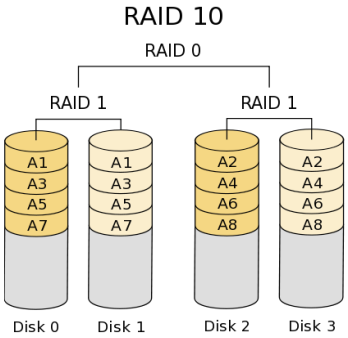


Intel Rapid Storage

The Intel Rapid Storage technology supported allows you to create a RAID 0 and RAID 1 set using only two identical hard disk drives. The Intel Rapid Storage technology creates two partitions on each hard disk drive to create a virtual RAID 0 and RAID 1 sets. This technology also allows you to change the hard disk drive partition size without losing any data.

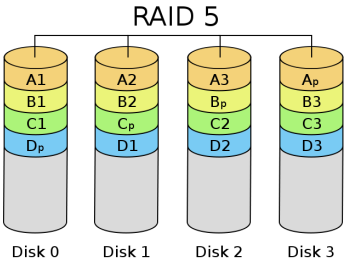
RAID 10

RAID 10 is a striped configuration with RAID 1 segments whose segments are RAID 1 arrays. This configuration has the same fault tolerance as RAID 1, and has the same overhead for fault-tolerance as mirroring alone. RAID 10 achieves high input / output rates by striping RAID 1 segments. In some instances, a RAID 10 configuration can sustain multiple simultaneous drive failure. A minimum of four hard disk drives is required for this setup.



RAID 5

RAID 5 stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.



2.2 RAID Configurations Precautions

1. Please use two new drives if you are creating a RAID 0 (striping) array for performance. It is recommended to use two SATA drives of the same size. If you use two drives of different sizes, the smaller capacity hard disk will be the base storage size for each drive. For example, if one hard disk has an 80GB storage capacity and the other hard disk has 60GB, the maximum storage capacity for the 80GB-drive becomes 60GB, and the total storage capacity for this RAID 0 set is 120GB.
2. You may use two new drives, or use an existing drive and a new drive to create a RAID 1 (mirroring) array for data protection (the new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive). If you use two drives of different sizes, the smaller capacity hard disk will be the base storage size. For example, if one hard disk has an 80GB storage capacity and the other hard disk has 60GB, the maximum storage capacity for the RAID 1 set is 60GB.
3. Please verify the status of your hard disks before you set up your new RAID array.

WARNING!!

Please backup your data first before you create RAID functions. In the process you create RAID, the system will ask if you want to “Clear Disk Data” or not. It is recommended to select “Yes”, and then your future data building will operate under a clean environment.

2.3 Installing Windows® 8 / 8 64-bit / 7 / 7 64-bit With RAID Functions

If you want to install Windows® 8 / 8 64-bit / 7 / 7 64-bit OS on your SATA / SATA2 / SATA3 HDDs with RAID functions, please follow the procedures below.

STEP 1: Set up UEFI.

A. Enter UEFI SETUP UTILITY → Advanced screen → Storage Configuration.

B. Set "SATA Mode Selection" to [RAID] for Intel SATA3 ports.

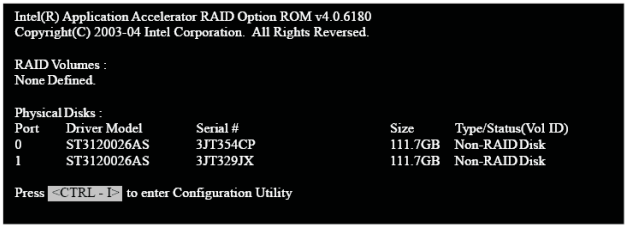
STEP 2: Set RAID configuration.

Please refer to p.8 -11 of this document for instructions on how to set RAID configuration.

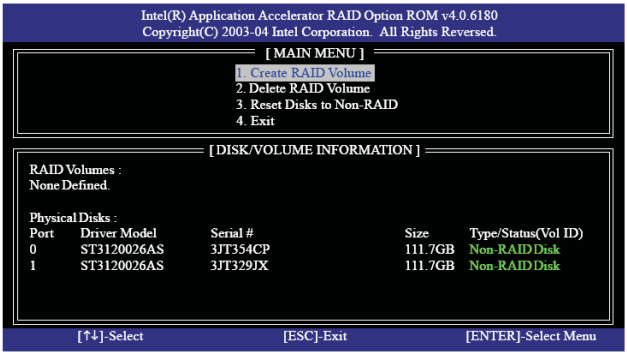
STEP 3: Install Windows® 8 / 8 64-bit / 7 / 7 64-bit OS on your system.

2.4 Configuring a RAID array Using Intel RAID BIOS

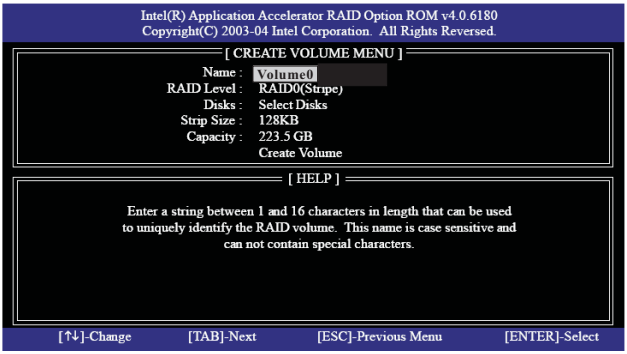
Reboot your computer. Wait until you see the RAID software prompting you to press <Ctrl+I>.


Intel(R) Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM v4.0.6180
Copyright(C) 2003-04 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.
RAID Volumes :
None Defined.
Physical Disks :
Port Driver Model Serial # Size Type/Status(Vol ID)
0 ST3120026AS 3JT354CP 111.7GB Non-RAID Disk
1 ST3120026AS 3JT329JX 111.7GB Non-RAID Disk
Press <CTRL - I> to enter Configuration Utility

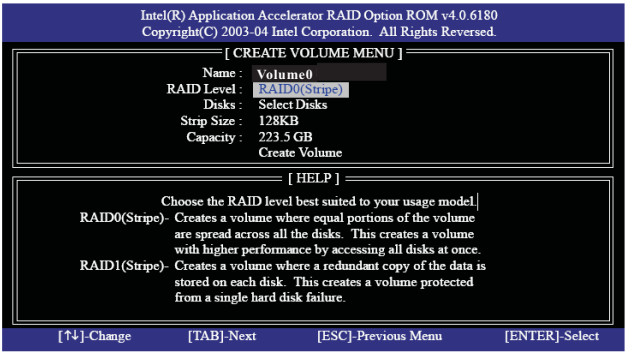
Press <Ctrl+I>. Then, the Intel RAID Utility - **Create RAID Volume** window appears.

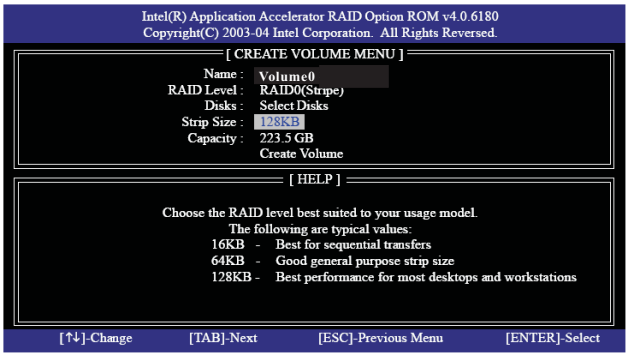

Intel(R) Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM v4.0.6180
Copyright(C) 2003-04 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.
[MAIN MENU]
1. Create RAID Volume
2. Delete RAID Volume
3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID
4. Exit
[DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION]
RAID Volumes :
None Defined.
Physical Disks :
Port Driver Model Serial # Size Type/Status(Vol ID)
0 ST3120026AS 3JT354CP 111.7GB Non-RAID Disk
1 ST3120026AS 3JT329JX 111.7GB Non-RAID Disk
[↑↓]-Select [ESC]-Exit [ENTER]-Select Menu

In the Create Volume Menu, under **Name** item, please key-in a unique name with 1-16 letters for your RAID volume then press <Enter>.


Intel(R) Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM v4.0.6180
Copyright(C) 2003-04 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.
[CREATE VOLUME MENU]
Name : Volume0
RAID Level : RAID0(Stripe)
Disks : Select Disks
Strip Size : 128KB
Capacity : 223.5 GB
Create Volume
[HELP]
Enter a string between 1 and 16 characters in length that can be used to uniquely identify the RAID volume. This name is case sensitive and can not contain special characters.
[↑↓]-Change [TAB]-Next [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select

Use the up or down arrow keys to select your desired **RAID Level**. You may select RAID 0 (Stripe), RAID 1 (Mirror), RAID 5 or RAID 10 for your RAID level. Press <Enter>, and then you can select **Strip Size**.

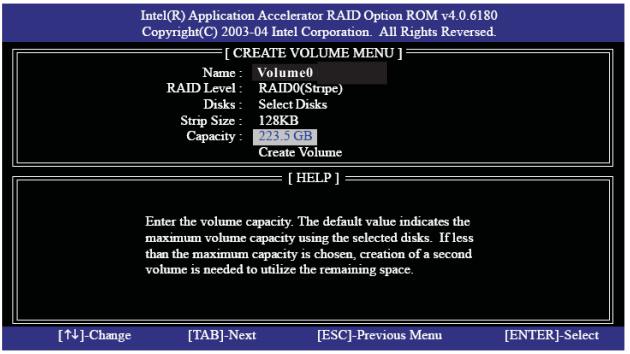

Intel(R) Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM v4.0.6180
Copyright(C) 2003-04 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.
[CREATE VOLUME MENU]
Name : Volume0
RAID Level : RAID0(Stripe)
Disks : Select Disks
Strip Size : 128KB
Capacity : 223.5 GB
Create Volume
[HELP]
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model.
RAID0(Stripe)- Creates a volume where equal portions of the volume are spread across all the disks. This creates a volume with higher performance by accessing all disks at once.
RAID1(Stripe)- Creates a volume where a redundant copy of the data is stored on each disk. This creates a volume protected from a single hard disk failure.
[↑↓]-Change
[TAB]-Next
[ESC]-Previous Menu
[ENTER]-Select


Intel(R) Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM v4.0.6180
Copyright(C) 2003-04 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.
[CREATE VOLUME MENU]
Name : Volume0
RAID Level : RAID0(Stripe)
Disks : Select Disks
Strip Size : 128KB
Capacity : 223.5 GB
Create Volume
[HELP]
Choose the RAID level best suited to your usage model.
The following are typical values:
16KB - Best for sequential transfers
64KB - Good general purpose strip size
128KB - Best performance for most desktops and workstations
[↑↓]-Change
[TAB]-Next
[ESC]-Previous Menu
[ENTER]-Select

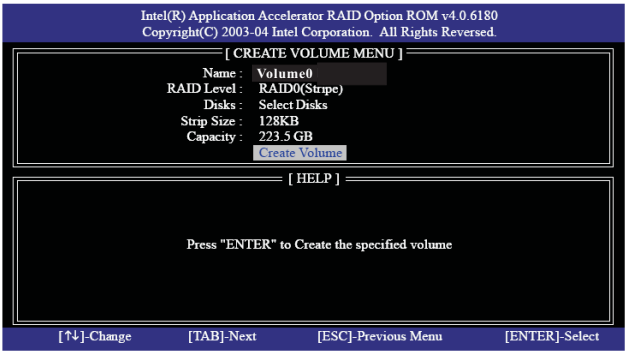
If you selected RAID 0 (Stripe), use the up or down keys to select the stripe size for your RAID 0 array then press <Enter>. The available values range from 8 KB to 128 KB. The default selection is 128 KB. The strip value should be chosen based on the planned drive usage.

- 8/16 KB - low disk usage
- 64 KB - typical disk usage
- 128 KB - performance disk usage

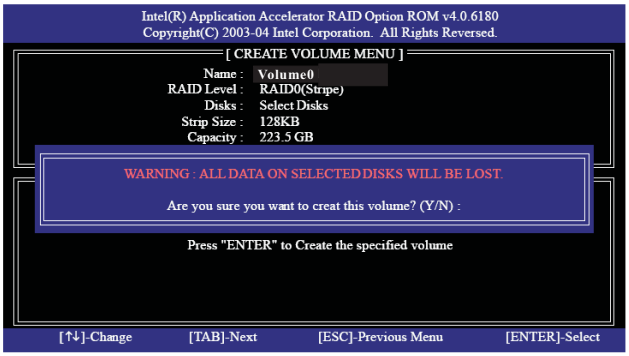
After you set disk block size, press <Enter> to set disk **Capacity**.


Intel(R) Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM v4.0.6180
Copyright(C) 2003-04 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.
[CREATE VOLUME MENU]
Name : Volume0
RAID Level : RAID0(Stripe)
Disks : Select Disks
Strip Size : 128KB
Capacity : 223.5 GB
Create Volume
[HELP]
Enter the volume capacity. The default value indicates the maximum volume capacity using the selected disks. If less than the maximum capacity is chosen, creation of a second volume is needed to utilize the remaining space.
[↑↓]-Change
[TAB]-Next
[ESC]-Previous Menu
[ENTER]-Select

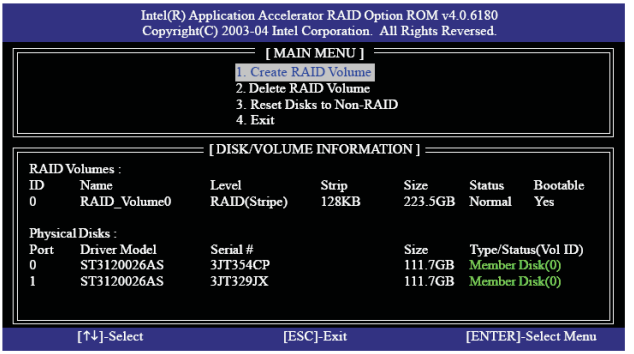
After setting up **Capacity**, please press <Enter>.



Press <Enter> under the **Create Volume** item. The utility prompts a confirmation message as below.


Intel(R) Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM v4.0.6180
Copyright(C) 2003-04 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.
[CREATE VOLUME MENU]
Name : Volume0
RAID Level : RAID0(Stripe)
Disks : Select Disks
Strip Size : 128KB
Capacity : 223.5 GB
WARNING : ALL DATA ON SELECTED DISKS WILL BE LOST.
Are you sure you want to creat this volume? (Y/N) :
Press "ENTER" to Create the specified volume
[↑↓]-Change
[TAB]-Next
[ESC]-Previous Menu
[ENTER]-Select

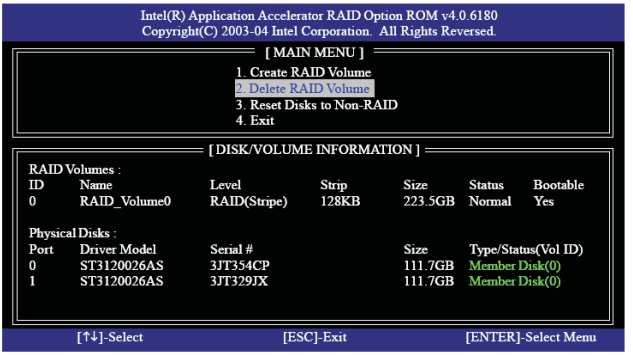
Press <Y> to complete the setup of RAID.


Intel(R) Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM v4.0.6180
Copyright(C) 2003-04 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reversed.
[MAIN MENU]
1. Create RAID Volume
2. Delete RAID Volume
3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID
4. Exit
[DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION]
RAID Volumes :
ID Name Level Strip Size Status Bootable
0 RAID_Volume0 RAID(Stripe) 128KB 223.5GB Normal Yes
Physical Disks :
Port Driver Model Serial # Size Type/Status(Vol ID)
0 ST3120026AS 3JT354CP 111.7GB Member Disk(0)
1 ST3120026AS 3JT329JX 111.7GB Member Disk(0)
[↑↓]-Select [ESC]-Exit [ENTER]-Select Menu

After the completion, you will see the detailed information about the RAID that you set up.

Please note that you are only allowed to create one RAID partition at a time under BIOS RAID environment. If you want to create an extra RAID partition, please use the RAID utility under Windows environment to configure RAID functions after you install OS.

If you want to delete a RAID volume, please select the option **Delete RAID Volume**, press <Enter>, and then follow the instructions on the screen.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[MAIN MENU]
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2. Delete RAID Volume
3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID
4. Exit
[DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION]
RAID Volumes :
ID Name Level Strip Size Status Bootable
0 RAID_Volume0 RAID(Stripe) 128KB 223.5GB Normal Yes
Physical Disks :
Port Driver Model Serial # Size Type/Status(Vol ID)
0 ST3120026AS 3JT354CP 111.7GB Member Disk(0)
1 ST3120026AS 3JT329JX 111.7GB Member Disk(0)
[↑↓]-Select [ESC]-Exit [ENTER]-Select Menu